effect that blueprints of the two submarines bought recently by India from a Government-owned West German Shipbuilders, have been sold to South Africa by the firm; if so, what is Government's reaction in the matter;

(b) what was the clause in the purchase contract for such possibilities; and

(c) whether the design would now be changed and at what total costs?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENCE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI ARUN SINGH): (a) Yes, Sir. The matter has been taken up with the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany.

(b) The contract clause states "contract and any data information acquired during the performance of this contract shall be treated as confidential by both parties, and shall not be revealed to any Government and/or any other party".

(c) No, Sir.

Special aid to Haryana

1866. SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Rs. 400 crores aid announced for Haryana by the Prime Minister on December 17 last, at Palwal is in addition to allocations already made for the State in the current Five Year Plan;

(b) what are the amounts announced similarly by the Prime Minister for Bombay, Karnataka, West Bengal, Jammu and Kashmir and other States and Union Territories including Delhi, in the years 1985 and 1986 and the resultant change in priorities in the plan allocations for the States and Union Territories; and

(c) when was the grant for Bombay announced by the Prime Minister and how much of it was released in 1986?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI SUKH RAM): (a) The announcement made for Haryana includes programmes within the purview of financial institutions and Plan and non-Plan schemes of the Centre and the State Government.

(b) The announcement were made as follows: Rs. 100 crores for improvement of slums in Bombay; Central assistance for drought relief of Rs. 35 crores for Gujarat, Rs. 50 crores for Karnataka and Rs. 50 crores for Maharashtra; packages of about Rs. 1000 crores for Jammu & Kashmir and Rs. 1007 crores for West Bengal and Ways & Means Advances for flood relief of Rs. 15 crores for Punjab and Rs. 80 crores for Andhra Pradesh. These announcements did not result in any change in Plan priorities.

(c) The grant for Bombay was announced by the Prime Minister in December, 1985. No amount was released to the State in 1986. However, Rs. 5 crores have been released in the current Financial Year.

Gross savings rate

1867. SHRI SHANKER SINH VAGHELA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) what have been the 'gross savings rate' and 'marginal savings rate' in each of the last three years and the estimated ones in the current year; and

(b) what were the targets fixed in this regard in the Seventh Five Year Plan?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI SUKH RAM): (a) The Central Statistical Organisation (CSO) released the Quick Estimates of national income

and related aggregates for the year 1985-86 along with the revised estimates for the 1983-84 and 1984-85 on 16th January, 1987. It also presented the rates of gross savings at the time of release of its estimates. The CSO does not compile the rates of marginal savings, which can however, be worked out as a proportion of the increase in the savings in a year to the corresponding increase in the income. the gross savings rate for the years 1983-84, 1984-85 and 1985-86 are 22.2%, 22.9% and 22.8% respectively with the corresponding marginal rates of 19.8%, 29.6% and 21.7%. The corresponding estimates for the current year would be available in January 1988.

(b) According to the Seventh Five Year Plan, the savings rate in 1989-90 is expected to be 24.5 per cent which implies a marginal saving rate of 28.4 per cent.

Gross National Product

1868. SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) what have been the growth rates in Gross National Product during each of the last three years and the estimated one in the current year; and

(b) what targets have been fixed in the Seventh Five Year Plan for the purpose?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (SHRI SUKH RAM): (a) According to the latest estimates released by the Central Statistical Organisation (CSO) the growth rate of Gross National Product (GNP) at constant (1970-71) prices was 8.0 per cent in 1983-84, 3.7 per cent in 1984-85 and 5.1 per cent in 1985-86. Similar estimates for 1986-87 would be released by the CSO in January 1988. However, the growth rate for the current year in the Economic Survey is anticipated between 4.5 and 5.0 per cent.

(b) The Seventh Five Year Plan envisages a growth rate of 5.0 per cent as measured in terms of Gross Domestic Product.

Amount lying unreconciled in banks

1869. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) what is the estimated amount lying unreconciled in various nationalised banks in the country at the beginning of 1986 and at the end of the same year stating the names of the nationalised banks having the highest unreconciled amount;

(b) whether Government have made any inquiry into the unreconciled amounts lying in various nationalised banks; and

(c) if so, what is the result thereof stating the number of cases in which fraud/misappropriation by the bank employees have been established, the amount involved and the action taken/proposed to be taken by Government in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI JANARDHAN POOJARI): (a) Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has reported that as per the information readily available, the total amount involved in unreconciled entries of 20 nationalised banks relating to the period upto 1984 has been brought down by about 44.0 per cent from Rs. 103394 crores as on 31-12-85 to Rs 57909 crores as on 30-6-86 According to the information furnished by RBI, the amount involved in unreconciled entries was relatively higher in Indian Overseas Bank, United Bank of India, Bank of Baroda and Vijaya Bank as compared to other nationalised banks as on 30-6-86.

(b) RBI and the Government have been impressing upon the banks from time to time the importance of prompt reconciliation of inter-branch accounts